5 ANSWER 20 OF 37 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2000 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 6 AN 1995:111494 BIOSIS

DN PREV199598125794

TI Allelic loss on chromosome 13 can precede histological changes in head and

neck cancer.

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DT Article

LA English

AB Seventy paired tumor and blood samples from patients with upper aerodigestive tract squamous cell carcinoma (UADT SCC) were tested for allelic loss on chromosome 13. Increased loss of

heterozygosity

(LOH) was observed at 11 of 13 different highly polymorphic microsatellite 'CA' dinucleotide repeat-containing loci. Increasing percent LOH correlated with lymph node metastasis (N Stage) (p=0.016). LOH was also detected in 10 of 16 (63%) informative samples of histologically normal mucosa adjacent to the tumors. These findings demonstrate that allelic loss on chromosome 13 is a frequent event in

UADT

SCC. Furthermore, these genetic alterations can be detected prior to histological changes in normal mucosa adjacent to these tumors.

	FILE	'MEDL	INE, CAPLUS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 14:54:01 ON 30 JAN 2002
L1		129	S ((CANCER? OR CARCINOMA?) (2A) (CELL?)) (10A) (MARGIN)
L2		124	DUP REM L1 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L3		2	S L2 AND P53
L4		34	S MARGIN (10A) MUTANT
L5		26	DUP REM L4 (8 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L6		193	S (HISTOLOGICAL OR HISTOPATHOLOGICAL) (15A) MARGIN
L7		5	S L6 AND (P53 OR MICROSATELLITE?)
L8		5	DUP REM L7 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L9		14	S L6 AND DNA
L10		14	DUP REM L9 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L11		11	S L10 NOT L8
L12		0	F BIB, AB 4

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